Serial No.: (PCT/DK03/00390)
Docket No.: 66905-021-7

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Original) Method of digitally equalizing sound from loudspeakers placed in a room having a combined loudspeaker/room transfer function, said method comprising placing a microphone in the room, emitting one or more pulses form a loudspeaker through an amplifier and measuring the impulse response in a desired listening position, said method is characterized in the following steps:

- a) the measured impulse responses are pre-processed by an algorithm and weighted
- b) the output from the pre-processing algorithm is split by an algorithm and adapted to at least two frequency bands using cross-over filters and down sampling
- c) the output from the band splitting algorithm is fed to at least two frequency band correction filter design algorithms
- d) the output from the band correction filter design algorithms are fed to a delay and amplitude aligning algorithm
- e) the output from the aligning algorithm is fed to a post processing algorithm
- f) storing and using the output from the post processing algorithm to equalize in real time a sound source that is fed to the amplifier.
- 2. **(Original)** Method according to claim 1, characterized in that the output from the pre-processing algorithm is divided into typically three frequency bands, said tree bands are low-, mid- and high frequency bands respectively.

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3. (Currently amended) Method according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that, wherein the output from the pre-processing algorithm is used as an input in a pre-correction algorithm, said pre-correction algorithm having at least one more input adapted to receive an output from one or more optional circuits representing certain acoustic impacts on a sound received in the listening position and said pre-correcting algorithm having an output that is fed to the frequency band correction filter design algorithm.

- 4. **(Original)** Method according to claim 3, characterized in that one of the optional circuits represents parameters measured from a loudspeaker under ideal conditions in an anechoic room.
- 5. **(Currently amended)** Method according to claim 3 or 4, characterized in that, wherein one of the optional circuits represents parameters derived from psycho acoustic conditions.
- 6. **(Currently amended)** Method according to claim 2-5, characterized in that in3, wherein the first 30 ms the reflections in the measured impulse response are attenuated more strongly than in the rest of the impulse response.
- 7. **(Currently amended)** Method according to claims 1-6, characterized in that <u>claim 1, wherein</u> the aligning algorithm comprises aligning functionality for synchronizing the output from the band filters.
- 8. **(Currently amended)** Method according to claim 1-7, characterized in that 1, wherein the aligning algorithm further comprises scaling and summation functionality.

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9. **(Currently amended)** Method according to claims 1-8, characterized in that claim 1, wherein the correction is performed in respect of certain part of a room in which the listener is placed.

10. **(Currently amended)** Use of a method according to claims 1-9claim 1 in a multi channel set-up of speakers.